

WORKSHEET 10

ADVERBIALS: CIRCUMSTANCE ADVERBIALS (II)

Study the part Overview (pp. 762–776) of Adverbials. Continue with subchapter Circumstance adverbials and complete the following tasks, focusing only on the following semantic categories: process (manner) and contingency

- 1) Present these two semantic categories of circumstance adverbials using examples from LGSWE and also from LEFNAC. Characterize the distribution of these semantic categories in LGSWE (pp. 783–786) and LEFNAC.
- 2) Present an overview of syntactic realizations of these two semantic categories according to LGSWE (pp. 787–795). Choose one semantic category and compare the syntactic realizations in LEFNAC with data from LGSWE.
- 3) Look at the Table 10.4 showing a list of most common circumstance adverbials across registers (pp. 796–798). Provide a similar table for the adverbials in LEFNAC.
- 4) Study the section on the position of circumstance adverbials (p. 801). Give a brief overview of the associations between position and semantic category for non-clausal adverbials as reported by LGSWE. Characterize the position of circumstance adverbials in LEFNAC by comparing your data to the LGSWE data shown in Table 10.5.
- 5) Read through section 10.2.8 discussing clauses as circumstance adverbials. Characterize LEFNAC in terms of the distribution of clausal syntactic forms of the two semantic categories of circumstance adverbials. Compare your results with the LGSWE data, namely Figure 10.20.

Texts: F4, N4x, N4y, A4

Find definitions of the following terms, use example sentences whenever possible:

operator

passive; passive voice

phrase

predicate

prepositional phrase

relative clause